

Developing New Possibilities of Human-Computer Interaction with MEMS-Sensors and a Cube-like Display



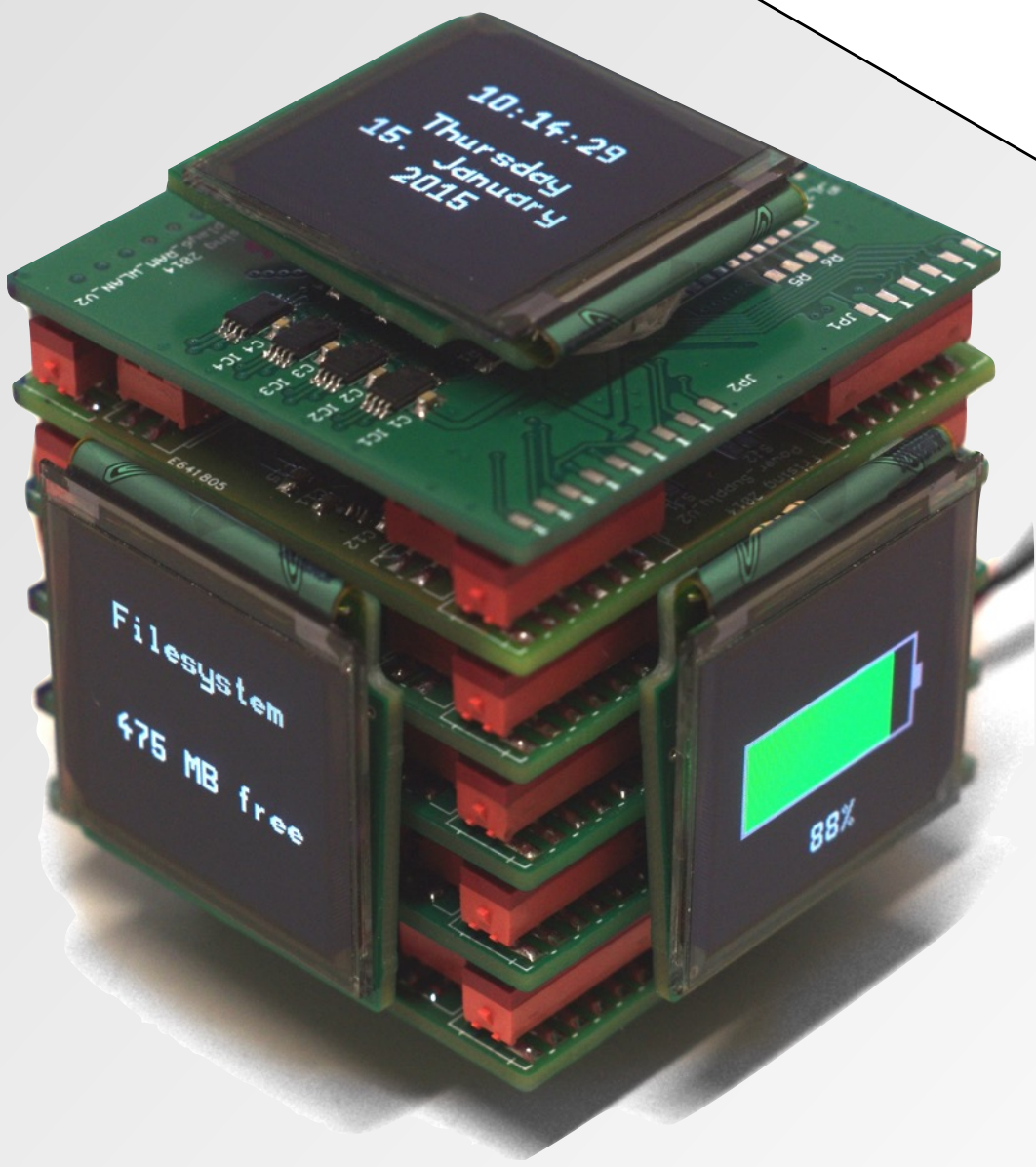
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Concept

- ◆ Handheld-device
- ◆ Shape of a cube
- ◆ Display on every side
 - ➔ Making the whole surface a GUI
- ◆ Control via acceleration sensor
 - ➔ Rotation of the cube
 - ➔ Taps on the cube's surface
- ◆ Battery-powered
 - ➔ Inductive charging system
- ◆ Wireless module
 - ➔ Connection to other devices
 - ➔ Connection to the internet



Sensor

- ◆ 3-axes acceleration-sensor
- ◆ Sampling rate: 3200 Hz
- ◆ Measuring range: ± 8 g

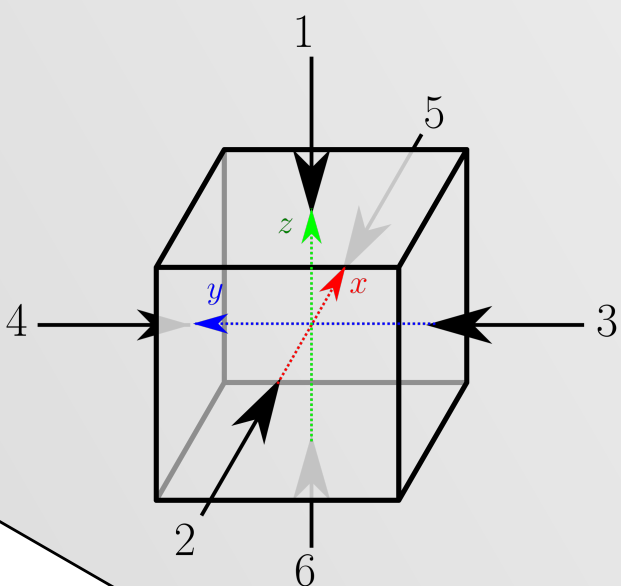
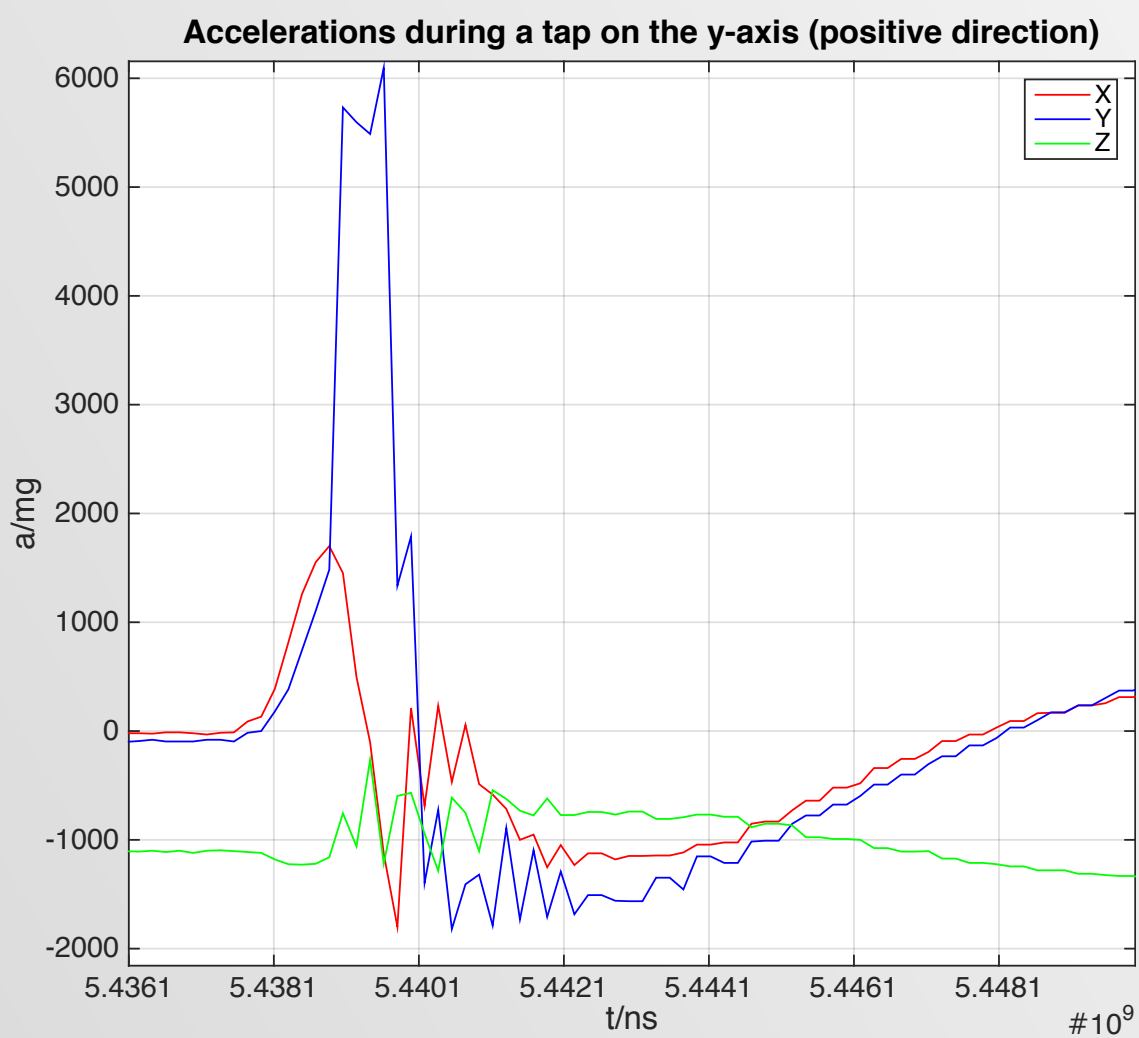
Orientation-Registration

- ◆ Holding the cube in hands under earth gravity applies an acceleration of +1 g to it, pointing in the opposite direction.
- ◆ Acceleration vector separates in 3 parts. (x-, y- and z-axis)
- ◆ Reconstructing the vector using trigonometric functions.

$$\Theta = \arctan \frac{a_x}{\sqrt{a_y^2 + a_z^2}}$$
$$\Psi = \arctan \frac{a_y}{\sqrt{a_x^2 + a_z^2}}$$
$$\Phi = \arctan \frac{\sqrt{a_x^2 + a_y^2}}{a_z}$$

Tap-Registration

- ◆ Taps on the surface result in very short, strong accelerations.
- ◆ Assigning the tap to a side of the cube by identifying:
 - ➔ Dominant axis during the tap
 - ➔ Direction of the peak



Microcontroller-Platform

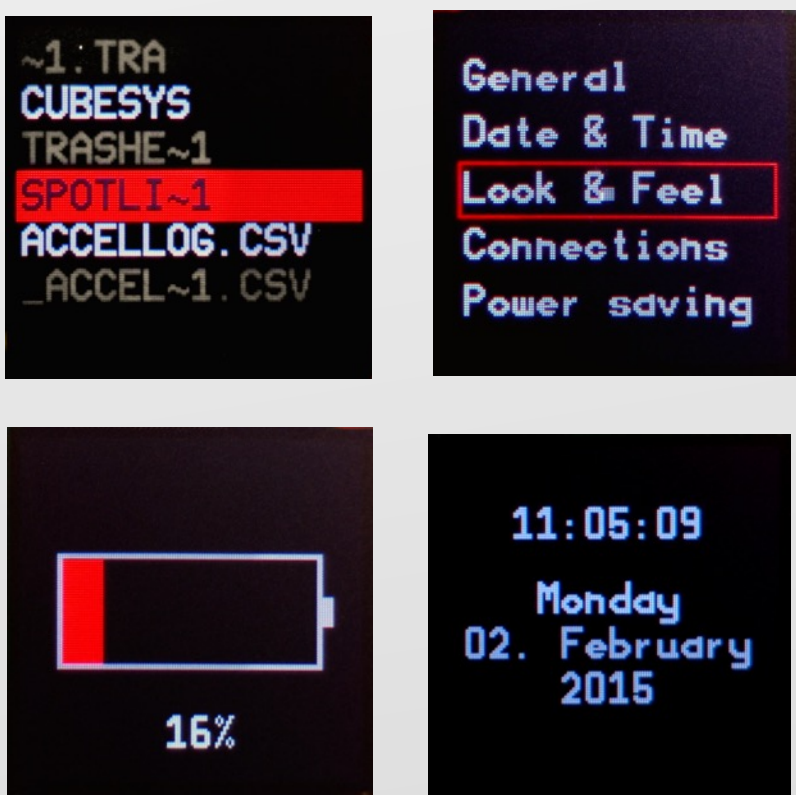
- ◆ XMOS XS1 microcontroller-platform
- ◆ 16 logical cores on 2 interconnected chips
 - ➔ Can execute up to 1000 MIPS together

Displays

- ◆ OLED-displays
 - ➔ High viewing angles
- ◆ 1:1 ratio (square)
- ◆ 128 x 128 pixels
- ◆ 6 bit color depth
- ◆ Internal RAM
 - ➔ Enables partial update of the screen
- ◆ Parallel interface (18 bit)
 - ➔ Common for all displays



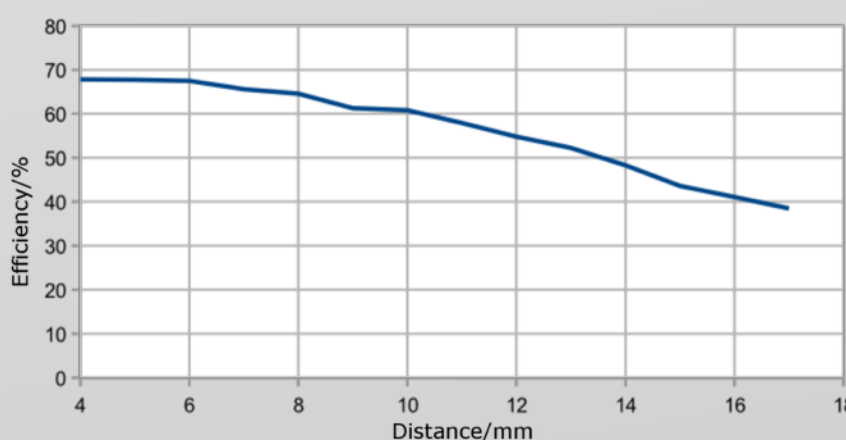
Graphics



- ◆ Main menu is divided in 6 areas
 - ➔ An area shows basic information on one side when closed.
 - ➔ It can be opened by tapping on it.
 - ➔ In opened mode, an area displays more detailed information and can expand to multiple sides.
- ◆ Content rotates according to the device orientation.
- ◆ Cursor is used to navigate. (always points upwards)
- ◆ Black background
 - ➔ Saves energy

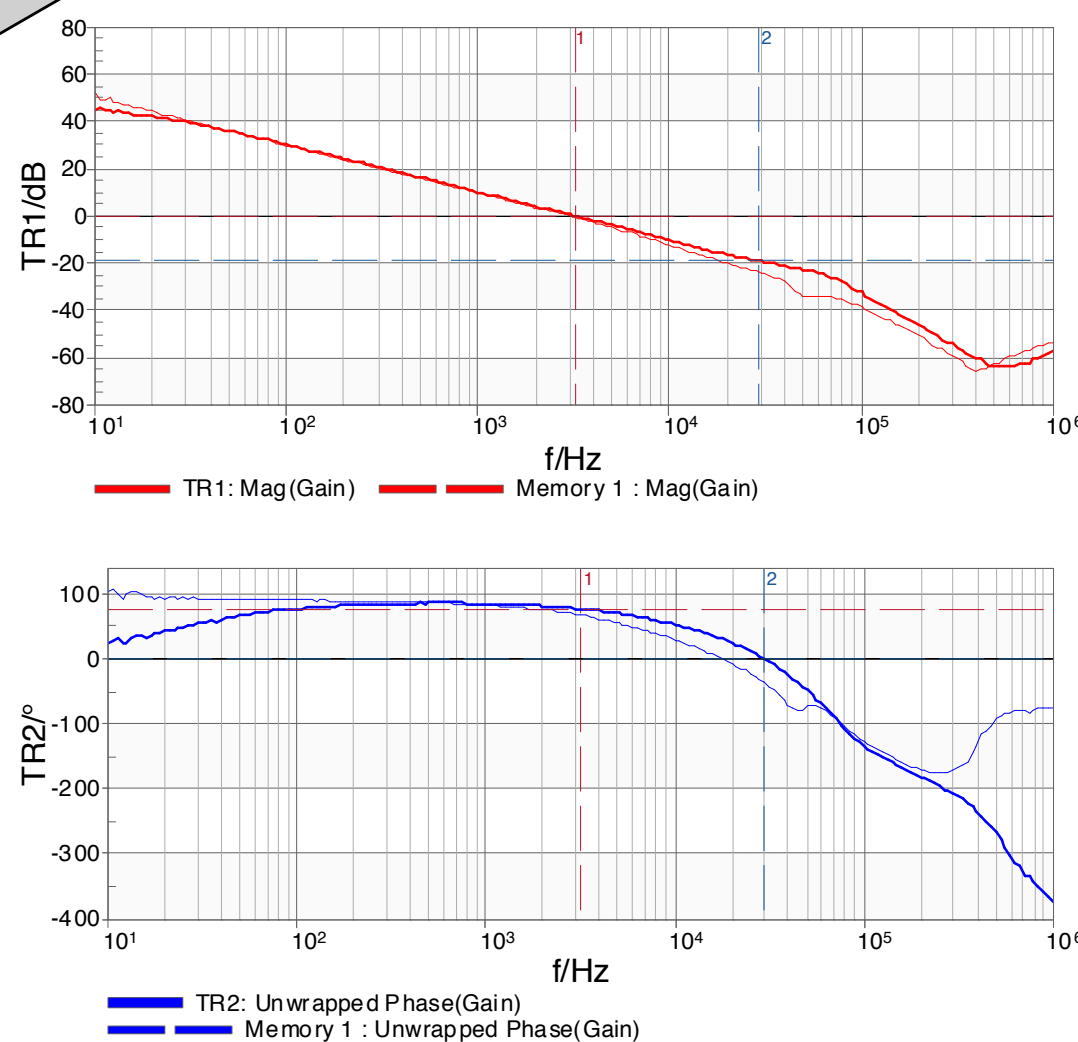
Power-Control

Charging Efficiency



- ◆ Qi-compliant inductive charger
- ◆ Charging coil behind one of the displays

Bode-Plot of +16,5 V Step-Up-Switcher



Cursor 1: 3.202 kHz, 0.000 dB, 76.805 °
Cursor 2: 29.801 kHz, -19.238 dB, 113.687 °
Delta: 26.599 kHz, -19.238 dB, -76.805 °

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